Anatomy & Physiology: Muscles—Palmaris Brevis.

STRUCTURE.

- Origin: flexor retinaculum and palmar aponeurosis.
- Insertion: Skin of palm into dermis.

FUNCTION.

- Concentric action: wrinkles the skin of the palm.
- Reverse mover action: wrinkles the skin of the palm.
- Eccentric action: controls/restrains/slows stretching of the skin of the palm.
- Isometric action: little to no stabilization functions.
- Innervation: ulnar nerve.
- Arterial supply: ulnar artery.

CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE.

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