

Anatomy & Physiology: Muscles—Inferior Oblique.

STRUCTURE.

- Origin: maxilla in orbital floor.
- Insertion: between inferior and lateral recti.

FUNCTION.

- Concentric action: moves eyeball superiorly; lateral rotation.
- Eccentric action:
- Isometric action:
- Innervation: oculomotor III nerve.
- Arterial supply: branches off the ophthalmic artery.

CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE.

References

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